# Yoga in Cancer Care: Healing Beyond Medicine

Cancer is not just a disease of the body—it impacts the mind, emotions, and spirit. While medical treatments like chemotherapy, surgery, and radiation are essential, patients are increasingly seeking holistic approaches to ease side effects, reduce stress, and improve overall quality of life. Among these, **yoga has emerged as a powerful tool in integrative cancer care.** 

### What Is Yoga?

Yoga is an ancient mind-body practice that combines **physical postures (asanas), breathing techniques (pranayama), meditation, and relaxation.** It fosters balance, flexibility, and mental clarity.

In recent years, evidence has shown that yoga can play a significant role in supporting cancer patients through diagnosis, treatment, recovery, and survivorship.

#### Benefits of Yoga in Cancer Care

### 1. Reduces Stress and Anxiety

Cancer diagnosis and treatment often trigger intense emotional distress. Yoga helps calm the nervous system, reduce cortisol levels, and promote inner peace through mindfulness and meditation.

### 2. Improves Sleep

Insomnia is common during cancer treatment. Yoga nidra (a guided deep relaxation practice) and restorative yoga have shown promising results in improving sleep quality.

#### 3. Manages Pain and Fatigue

Cancer-related fatigue is one of the most debilitating side effects. Gentle yoga movements and breathwork help enhance energy levels and reduce chronic pain.

# 4. Supports Immune Function

Yoga positively affects the parasympathetic nervous system and may help modulate immune function, supporting the body's natural healing response.

#### 5. Enhances Emotional Well-being

Yoga encourages a sense of control, acceptance, and resilience. It allows patients to reconnect with their bodies and experience moments of stillness amidst the chaos of cancer treatment.

#### What the Research Says

Studies from institutions like MD Anderson Cancer Center and Memorial Sloan Kettering have found:

- **Reduced chemotherapy-induced nausea** in breast cancer patients practicing yoga.
- **Improved mood and quality of life** among survivors who incorporated yoga into their routine.
- Better physical functioning and lower inflammation markers in yoga participants.

Yoga has now been included in many supportive oncology programs around the world.

# Conclusion:

# Yoga is a Complement, Not a Cure

It's important to emphasize that **yoga is not a substitute for medical treatment.** Rather, it complements conventional therapy by addressing the emotional, physical, and psychological challenges of cancer care.

Always consult your oncologist or healthcare provider before starting a yoga program. A certified yoga therapist experienced in working with cancer patients can modify poses to match your abilities and needs.

"Yoga is the journey of the self, through the self, to the self." – Bhagavad Gita

@Happylearning#drshwetasingh